

VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, B.V.; KOTOV, E.Ye.

Optical investigation of the detonation spin wave front. Izv. Sib.  
otd. AN SSSR no.4:74-80 '58. (MIRA 11:9)

1. Institut gidrodinamiki Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSR.  
(Explosions)

VOYTSYHOVSKII, B.V.; KOTOV, B.Ye.; MITROFANOV, V.V.; TOPCHIYAN, M.Ye.

Optical investigation of transverse detonation waves. Izv.Sib.  
otd. AN SSSR no.9:44-51 '58. (MIHA 11:11)

1. Sibirskoye otdeleniye AN SSSR.  
(Explosions)

VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, B.V.; KOVAL', A.A.; SUN'TSAO [Sun Ts'ao]

Shadow method for registering waves on the surface of a  
liquid. Izv. Sib. otd. AN SSSR no. 5:127-129 '59.  
(MIRA 12:10)

1. Institut gidrodinamiki Sibirskogo otdeleniya Akademii nauk  
SSSR.  
(Waves)

68152

1/1.2000

40(6)

AUTHOR:

Voytsekhovskiy, B.V.

SOV/20-129-6-15/69

TITLE:

A Steady Detonation

PERIODICAL:

Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1959, Vol 129, Nr 6, pp 1254-1256  
(USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The author first deals with the basic scheme of the device in which a steady detonation was produced (Fig 1). If such conditions are created in a channel, under which the original gas mixture moves with sufficiently high velocity steadily before the front of the detonation wave, this phenomenon may be conveyed into the steady state. The front of the detonation wave propagates only in one direction in an annular channel. The initial gas mixture enters in radial direction into the channel through the internal wall. The detonation in the ring was photographed through a glass plate (serving as an upper boundary for the ring). Figure 2 shows the position of the fronts in the annular channel. The mixture in this channel was ignited synchronously with the opening of the photographic shutter at a point of the outer edge. Without any preparatory measures being taken, the detonation wave propagates from the point of ignition simultaneously in various directions. The

Card 1/3

68152

SOV/20-129-6-15/69

**A Steady Detonation**

detonation waves collide on the opposite side of the ring, one detonation wave being able to break through into the reservoir containing the original mixture through the feed-nozzle. The prevention of such break-throughs to the rear causes considerable technical difficulties, and this problem was solved by means of a feed-nozzle of special shape and by the proper choice of pressure conditions. After the collision between the two detonation waves the number of fronts increases, after which a stable process of single collisions of detonation waves sets in. In order to produce a steady annular detonation it is necessary to exclude one of the fronts during ignition. The steady detonation has, as a rule, several fronts, and only on its edge is it possible for one single detonation front to exist. A multifront steady detonation is a very stable process, and in the neighborhood of each detonation front a complex picture of the interaction between shock waves is produced. Details are discussed on the basis of a figure. If there are many detonation fronts, they propagate in the combusted mixture with sonic velocity. Such a detonation process does not, however, fit into the scheme developed by Chapman-Jouget. The velocity of a steady detonation increases with a

Card 2/3

68152

**A Steady Detonation**

SOV/20-129-6-15/69

deterioration of the conditions for its development, and must change within the limits of from  $v_1$  to  $2v_1 \approx v_J$ , where  $v_1$  denotes the velocity of sound in the combustion products. The flame of the steady detonation is bluish-green. As a result of the suddenness of combustion, the carbon atoms are apparently not able to recombine to large groups, so that a more complete combustion of the explosive mixture is attained. In steady combustion a monotonic sound with the frequency  $nf$  is emitted, where  $n$  denotes the number of fronts and  $f$  - the revolution frequency of each front. The author thanks Academician M.A. Lavrent'yev for his attention. The experiments were carried out by V. and M. Tatarchuk. There are 4 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Institut gidrodinamiki Sibirskogo otdeleniya Akademii nauk SSSR  
(Institute of Hydrodynamics of the Siberian Department of the  
Academy of Sciences of the USSR)

PRESENTED: September 14, 1959, by M.A. Lavrent'yev, Academician *✓*

SUBMITTED: September 11, 1959

Card 3/3

VOITSEKHOVSKIY, B. V. (Novosibirsk)

"Spin Detonation."

report presented at the First All-Union Congress on Theoretical and Applied Mechanics, Moscow, 27 Jan - 3 Feb 1960.

VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, B. V. Dr. Phys-Math Sci — (diss) "Detonation spin and stationary detonation," Novosibirsk, 1960, 38 pp, (Joint Scientific Council for Phys-Math and Tech Sciences, Siberian Department, AS USSR) KL, 44-60, 127)

28371  
S/124/61/000/008/012/042  
A001/A101

11.8100

AUTHOR: Voytsekhovskiy, B.V.

TITLE: Spin stationary detonation

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Mekhanika, no. 8, 1961, 15, abstract 8B89  
("Zh. prikl. mekhan. i tekhn. fiz.", 1960, no. 3, 157 - 164)

TEXT: An installation is described which makes it possible to bring about a continuous (within 1-1.5 sec) detonation burning of preliminarily prepared explosive mixtures. The installation represented, in schematic features, two coaxial hollow cylinders with a vertical axis and a free space between the walls. The internal cylinder has, in its upper face end, a steel disk-flange with an aperture in the middle and an annular groove of rectangular cross section made in the upper surface of the disk. A plexiglass plate is laid from above on both of the cylinders in such a way that it adheres closely to the face end of the outer cylinder and has a small gap with the upper surface of the inner disk. The explosive mixture is fed into the annular groove through the hollow of the inner cylinder with a necessary velocity and a corresponding velocity of outlet of the burning products through the space between the cylinders; this makes it possible

Card 1/ 3

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S/12<sup>4</sup>/61/000/008/012/042  
AC01/A101

Spin stationary detonation

to ensure, after initiating detonation within the groove, a comparatively durable propagation in this groove of one or several waves, unidirectional or colliding with each other. Experiments were conducted with an acetylene-oxygen mixture, and results were recorded by the slit photo-sweep of the process through the upper transparent plexiglass plate. The photorecorder with a rotating drum was mounted on a rocking suspension in such a way that it could move around the axis perpendicular to the axis of drum rotation. This displacement was brought about by an auxiliary explosion synchronized with detonation initiation in the annular groove. The rocking suspension of the photorecorder permitted avoidance of mutual superposition of the image during repeated revolutions of the photorecorder drum; a long duration of photorecording of the process was made possible, due to the width of the film used (or to the size of the image along the slit). The author presents photorecording of detonation and the presumed scheme of the system of shock and detonation waves circulating within the annular groove. He derives the system of equations for determining the angles between the fronts of the waves in such a system. Equations of conservation of mass, momentum and energy are written down, using the method of plotting the control planes in front of such a system and behind it. The results of experiments are characterized by the

Card 2/3

Spin stationary detonation

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discovered growth of detonation velocity with deterioration of conditions for its occurrence and by the change of this rate from the value of sound velocity to the detonation velocity in an impoverished mixture.

Yu. Denisov

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 3/3

39224

S/207/62/000/003/005/016

1028/I228

11. 9/00

AUTHOR: Voytsekhovskiy, B. V., Mitrofanov, V. V. and Topchiyan, M. Ye. (Novosibirsk)

TITLE: On the flow structure in a spinning-detonation wave

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal prikladnoy mekhaniki i tekhnicheskoy fiziki, no. 3, 1962, 27-30

TEXT: Experiments on the detection of the leading front of a detonation wave on a Töpler installation were designed in order to ascertain experimentally which of the patterns of flow in the region of the front fracture proposed by Voitsekhovskiy (according to which the compression of the main mass of gas occurs behind the shock front in the transversal detonation wave) and Denisov-Troshin (according to which the most luminous region represents the "fracture" of the leading front of the detonation wave) is correct. A photographic record of the detonation was taken by the method of total compensation through a slit in the detonation tube, and a diagram of the disposition of the fronts drawn on the basis of comparison of the Töpler and self-luminosity photographs of the detonation. This established the existence of a shock wave, in which the preliminary compression of the gas took place, before the zone of maximum luminosity. The experimental results obtained agree with the theoretical pattern of flow proposed by Voitsekhovskiy. The authors thank L. V. Ovsyannikov and R. I. Soloukhin for their comments. There are 3 figures and 1 table. The most important English-language reference reads as follows: R. E. Duff "Investigation of Spinning Detonation and Detonation Stability", The Physics of Fluids, 1961, no. 11, p. 1427.

SUBMITTED: January 26, 1962

Card 1/1

X

L 42792-66 EWT(d)/EWT(m)/EWP(v)/T/EWP(k)/EWP(h)/EWP(l) SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/014/0142/0142  
ACC NR: AP6029078

INVENTOR: Voytsekhovskiy, B. V.; Nikolayev, V. P.

ORG: none

TITLE: Hydraulic press "Ob". Class 58, No. 184130

SOURCE: Izobret prom obraz tov zn, no. 14, 1966, 142

TOPIC TAGS: hydraulic press, forge press, metal forming press,  
hydraulic equipment

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate introduces a hydraulic press which features a housing and a working chamber with a plunger (see Fig. 1). To increase the output

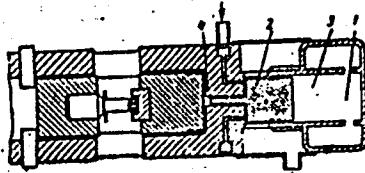


Fig. 1. Hydraulic press

1 - Working chamber; 2 - plunger; 3 - high-pressure gas; 4 - space under piston.

and efficiency of the press, the plunger moves inside the chamber, which consists of two cylinders of different diameters. The space above the plunger is filled with

Card 1/2

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high-pressure gas, and the space under the plunger is filled with high-pressure fluid. Orig. art. has: 1 figure. [TD]

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001861120019-2"

VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, B.V.; IZOSIMOV, V.A.; OLEN'KOV, N.F.

Possible use of pulsating jets for the breaking down of rocks.  
Izv. Sib. otd. AN SSSR no.9:117-120 '62. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Institut gidrodinamiki Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSR,  
Novosibirsk.

ACCESSION NR AM402L182

BOOK EXPLOITATION

S/

Voytsekhovskiy, B. V.; Mitrofanov, V. V.; Topchiyan, M. YE.

Structure of the front in gas detonations (Struktura fronta detonatsiiv gazakh),  
Novosibirsk, Izd-vo Sib. otd. AN SSSR, 1963, 167 p. illus., biblio. Errata  
slip inserted. 1,500 copies printed. (At head of title: Akademiya nauk SSSR.  
Sibirskoye otdeleniye. Institut gidrodinamiki).

TOPIC TAGS: physics, gas detonation, gas detonation front

## TABLE OF CONTENTS [abridged]:

Introduction -- 5		
Ch. I. A single theory of gas detonation -- 10		
Ch. II. Spin detonation -- 34		
Ch. III. Multi-front detonation -- 81		
Ch. IV. Stationary detonation -- 136		
Ch. V. Some general characteristics of detonation with transverse waves -- 149		
SUB CODE: ME	SUBMITTED: 19Sep63	NR REF Sov: 068
OTHER: 073	DATE ACQ: 21May64	

Card: 1/1

VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, B.V.; MITROFANOV, V.V.; TOPCHIYAN, M.Ye.; NAZARYANTS,  
T.M., red.; OVCHINNIKOVA, T.K., tekhn. red.

[Structure of the detonation front in gases] Struktura fron-  
ta detonatsii v gazakh. Novosibirsk, Izd-vo Sibirsogo otd-  
nija AN SSSR, 1963. 167 p. (MIRA 17:3)

VOYTSEKHOVSKY, B. V.; MITROFANOV, V. V.; SOLOUKHIN, R. I.; TOPCHIYAN, M. Ye.  
(Novosibirsk)

"Some results of investigations on gas detonation"  
report presented at the 2nd All-Union Congress on Theoretical and Applied  
Mechanics, Moscow, 29 Jan - 5 Feb 1964.

VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, B.V.; NIKOLAYEV, V.P.; DUDIN, V.M.; MAYYER, O.F.;  
CHERMENSKIY, G.P.

Some results of crushing rocks with a pulse water jet. Izv. SO  
AN SSSR no.2 Ser. tekhn. nauk no.1:7-11 '63. (MIRA 16:8)

AN SSSR no. 2 Oct. 1971  
1. Institut gidrodinamiki Sibirskogo otsteleniya AN SSSR, Novosibirsk.  
(Mining engineering) (Water jet)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001861120019-2

VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, B.V. (Novosibirsk); KOVAL', A.A. [deceased] (Novosibirsk)

Carousel-type hydraulic duct. PMTF no. 2:137-139 J1-Ag 60.  
(MIRA 14:6)

(Hydraulic models)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861120019-2"

PASHCHENKO, M. (Poltavskaya oblast'); VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, E. (Zhitomirskaya oblast').

In school pedagogical rooms. Prof.-tekhn.obr. 13 no.2:26 F '56.  
(MLRA 9:5)

1. Zaveduyushchaya pedagogicheskim kabinetom uchilishcha mekhanizatsii sel'skogo khozyaystva No. 4 (for Pashchenko); 2. Zaveduyushchiy pedagogicheskim kabinetom remeslennogo uchilishcha No. 2 (for Voytsekhovskiy).

(Technical education)

SEVER'YANOV, N.N., kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; BERLIN, A.Ye.,  
retsenzent; VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, G.A., retsenzent;  
DAVYDOVA, Ye.A., retsenzent; ZIL'EERSHTEIN, Ya.Yu.,  
retsenzent; KIRICHINSKIY, N.R., retsenzent; KLEPIKOV,  
L.N., retsenzent; KUBYNIN, A.Ye., retsenzent; LEBEDEV,  
V.V., retsenzent; MOROZOV, V.P., retsenzent; MOSKVIN,  
V.B., retsenzent; MUSARSKIY, I.S., retsenzent; PODERGI,  
Yu.S., retsenzent; SALIKOV, I.A., retsenzent; SUSHCHENKO,  
A.A., retsenzent; TRET'YAKOV, K.M., retsenzent; UL'YANOV,  
V.P., retsenzent; TSVIRKO, P.P., retsenzent; TSOY, A.G.,  
retsenzent; CHEL'TSOV, M.I., retsenzent; SHISHCHITS, G.N.,  
retsenzent; DIDKOVSKIY, D.Z., otv. red.

[Handbook on the prospecting, planning, and construction  
of strip mines] Spravochnik po izyiskaniiam, proektirovaniyu  
i stroitel'stvu kar'erov. Moskva, Nedra, 1964. 2 v.  
(MIRA 18:2)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861120019-2

L 14534-65 DIT(1)/DIT(m) ASD(z)-S/ADM(p)/AFTC(s)/ESB(z) JD  
S/2529/63/0001075/0048/0056

ACCESSION NO: A74047562

The arrangement of a mechanism for drawing second-order curves  
in the form of parabolas or hyperbolas. Available in 1961.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001861120019-2

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1496-2

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001861120019-2"

BAKHCHISARAYTSEV, Arutyun Nikolayevich; KULICHIKHIN, N.I., retsenzent;  
VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, I.V., retsenzent; IVANIN, F.D., retsenzent;  
KOVAL', V.A., retsenzent; CHEREDNIK, P.Ye., retsenzent;  
NIKOLAYEV, S.V., red.; SUCHILIN, A.P., red.; SERGEYEVA, N.A.,  
red. izd-va; GUROVA, O.A., tekhn. red.

[Organization and planning of geological prospecting] Organiza-  
tsiya i planirovaniye geologorazvedochnykh rabot. Izd.2., perer.  
Moskva, Gosgeoltekhnizdat, 1962. 369 p. (MIRA 16:2)  
(Prospecting)

VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, K.F.

Ordering theory for n-component alloys. Soob. AN Gruz.SSR 21  
(MIRA 12:4)  
no.3:277-280 S '58.

1. Kafedra eksperimental'noy fiziki Vrotslavskogo universiteta,  
Pol'sha. Predstavлено членом-корреспондентом Академии V.I.  
Mamasakhliyovym.  
(Alloys)

VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, K.F.  
VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, K.F.

Thermionic emission from ordered binary alloys. Fiz.met. i metalloved.  
5 no.1:3-7 '57. (MIRA 11:2)

1.Kafedra eksperimental'noy fiziki Vrotslavskogo universiteta Pol'skoy  
Narodnoy Respubliky. (Nuclear physics)

VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, M.I.

Rigidity of convex surfaces with edges. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 1:  
Mat., mekh. 19 no.6:35-40 N-D '64. (MIRA 18:2)

1. Kafedra matematicheskogo analiza Moskovskogo universiteta.

AGALINA, M.S., inzh.; AKUTIN, T.K., inzh.; APRESOV, A.M., inzh.; ARISTOV,  
S.S., kand. tekhn. nauk.; BELOSTOTSKIY, O.B., inzh.; BERLIN, A.Ye., inzh.;  
BESSKIY, K.A., inzh.; BLYUM, A.M., inzh.; BRAUN, I.V., inzh.; BRODSKIY,  
I.A., inzh.; BURAKAS, A.I., inzh.; VAYNMAN, I.Z., inzh.; VARSHAVSKIY,  
I.N., inzh.; VASIL'YEVA, A.A., inzh.; VORONIN, S.A., inzh.; VOYTSEKHOVSKIY,  
L.K., inzh.; VRUBLEVSKIY, A.A., inzh.; GERSHMAN, S.G., inzh.;  
GOLUBYATNIKOV, G.A., inzh.; GOHLIN, M.Yu., inzh.; GRAMMATIKOV, A.N., inzh.;  
DASHEVSKIY, A.P., inzh.; DIDKOVSKIY, I.L., inzh.; DOBROVOL'SKIY, B.L., inzh.;  
DROZDOV, P.F., kand. tekhn. muk.; KOZLOVSKIY, A.A., inzh.; KIRILENKO,  
V.G., inzh.; KOPELYANSKIY, G.D., kand. tekhn. nauk.; KORETSKIY, M.M., inzh.;  
KUKHARCHUK, I.N., inzh.; KUCHER, M.G., inzh.; MERZLYAK, M.V., inzh.;  
MIRONOV, V.V., inzh.; NOVITSKIY, G.V., inzh.; PADUN, N.M., inzh.;  
PANKRAT'YEV, N.B., inzh.; PARKHOMENKO, V.I., kand. biol. nauk.; PINSKIY,  
Ye.A., inzh.; POILUBNYY, S.A., inzh.; PORAZHENKO, F.F., inzh.; PUZANOV,  
I.G., inzh.; REDIN, I.P., inzh.; HEZNICK, I.S., kand. tekhn. nauk.;  
ROGOVSKIY, L.V., inzh.; RUDERMAN, A.G., inzh.; RYBAL'SKIY, V.I., inzh.;  
SADOVNIKOV, I.S., inzh.; SEVER'YANOV, N.N., kand. tekhn. nauk.; SEMASHKO,  
A.T., inzh.; SIMKIN, A.Kh., inzh.; SURDUTOVICH, I.N., inzh.; TROFIMOV,  
V.I., inzh.; PEFER, M.M., inzh.; FIALKOVSKIY, A.M., inzh.; FRISHMAN,  
M.S., inzh.; CHERESHNEV, V.A., inzh.; SLESTOV, B.S., inzh.; SHIFMAN,  
M.I., inzh.; SHUMYATSKIY, A.F., inzh.; SHCHERBAKOV, V.I., inzh.;  
STANCHENKO, I.K., otd. red.; LISHIN, G.L., inzh., red.; KRAVTSOV, Ye.P.,  
inzh., red.; GRIGOR'YEV, G.V., red.; KAMINSKIY, D.N., red.; KRASOVSKIY,  
I.P., red.; LEYTMAN, L.Z., red. [deceased]; GUREVICH, M.S., inzh., red.;  
DANILEVSKIY, A.S., inzh., red.; DEMIN, A.M., inzh., red.; KAGANOV,  
S.I., inzh., red.; KAUFMAN, B.H., kand. tekhn. nauk., red.; LISTOPADOV,  
N.P., inzh., red.; MENDELEVICH, I.R., inzh., red. [deceased];  
(continued on next card)

AGALINA, M.S.... (continued) Card 2.

PENTKOVSKIY, N.I., inzh., red.; ROZEMBERG, B.M., inzh., red.; SLAVIN,  
D.S., inzh., red.; FEDOROV, M.P., inzh., red.; TSYMBAL, A.V., inzh., red.;  
SMIRNOV, L.V., red. izd-va.; PROZOROVSKAYA, V.L., tekhn. red.  
[Mining ; an encyclopedic handbook] Gornoe delo; entsiklopedicheskii  
spravochnik. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo lit-ry po ugol'noi'  
promyshl. Vol. 3.[Organization of planning; Construction of surface  
buildings and structures] Organizatsiya proektirovaniia; Stroitel'stvo  
zdanii i scoruzhenii na poverkhnosti shakht. 1958. 497 p. (MIRA 11:12)  
(Mining engineering)  
(Building)

VOITSEKHOVSKIY, M.I.

Calculation of the parameters of a micropenetrometer. Vop.  
gidrogeol. i inzh.geol. no.19:149-152 '61. (MIRA 15:2)  
(Rocks—Testing)

VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, N.K., inzh.; SHAGIAKHMEDOV, M.S., inzh.; BEKUSHEV, V.I.  
inzh.; FILIPPOV, G.S., inzh.; SHUL'GA, V.I., inzh.

Industrial tests of the BASH-250 drilling rig. Gor. zhur.  
no.10:54-55 O '61. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Zhdanovskiy gorno-obogatitel'nyy kombinat (for Voitsekhovskiy,  
Shagiskhmedov). 2. Gipronikel', Leningrad (for Bekushev,  
Filippov, Shul'ga ).  
(Boring machinery)

VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, N.K.; VIN'KOV, S.V.

Multiple purpose excavator brigades. Gor. zhur. no.3:34-37 Mr '57.  
(MIRA 10:4)

1. Zamestittel' direktora Noril'skogo kombinata (for Voytsekhovskiy).
2. Direktor rudnika "Ugol'nyy ruchey" (for Vin'kov).  
(Norilsk--Copper mines and mining) (Strip mining)  
(Excavating machinery)

ONIKA, D.G.; VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, P., otvetstvennyy red.; BELINSKIY, G., tekhn.  
red.

[Stokehold near Moscow] Podmoskovnaya kochegarka. [Moskva]  
Mosk. bol'shevik, 1945. 122 p.  
(MIRA 11:6)  
(Moscow Basin--Coal mines and mining)

VOYCEKHOVSKIY, P.

Competition of innovators from four factories. Izobr. v SSSR 3 no.2:  
36-37 p '58.  
(MIREA 11:3)

1. Nachal'nik OTI zavoda.  
(Socialist competition)

VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, P.P.

Prevention of certain complication in intratracheal anesthesia  
in orthopedic and traumatological patients. Ortop., travm.i  
protez. 22 no.3:39-43 '61. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Iz Tsentral'nogo instituta travmatologii i ortopedii Mini-  
stera sveta SSSR (dir. - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof.  
N.N. Priorov). (INTRATRACHEAL ANESTHESIA)

ALEKSEYEVA, T.V., kand. tekhn. nauk; ARTEM'YEV, K.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; BROMBERG, A.A., prof.; VOITSEKHOVSKIY, R.I., inzh.; UL'YANOV, N.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; Prinimal uchastiye KONONENKO, M.A., inzh.; FEDOROV, D.I., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent.

[Machines for earthwork; theory and calculation] Mashiny dlia zemlianykh rabot; teoriia i raschet. [By] T.V. Alekseeva i dr. Izd.2., perer. i dop. Moskva, Izd-vo "Mashinostroenie," 1964. 467 p. (MIRA 17:5)

FRANTSUZOV, Yakov Leonovich; BELYAYEV, Leonid Mikhaylovich;  
PLAVINSKIY, V.I., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent;  
VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, R.I., inzh., red.; GALANOVA, M.S., inzh.,  
red. izd-va; UVAROVA, A.F., tekhn. red.

[Assembly and operation of suspended cableways] Montazh i  
ekspluatatsiya podvesnykh kanatnykh dorog. Moskva, Mashgiz,  
1962. 275 p.  
(Cableways)

KORNEV, K.A. [Korniev, K.A.], doktor khim. nauk; KACHAN, A.A., kand. khim. nauk; LOKHACHOV, V.F.; VOYTSEKHIVSKII, R.V. [Voitsekhivs'kyi, R.V.], kand. Khim. nauk

Using ultraviolet spectroscopy for the investigation of the photodisintegration of polycaprolactam. Khim. prom. [Ukr.] no.1:65-66 Ja-Mr'63 (MIRA 17:7)

1. Institut khimii polimerov i monomerov AN UkrSSR. 2. Chlen-korrespondent AN UkrSSR (for Kornev).

NESTEROV, A. Ye. [Nesterov, A. IE.]; VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, R.V. [Voitsekhivs'kyi, R.V.]

Analysis of three- component solvent mixtures. Khim. prom.  
[Ukr.] no.1:69-72 Ja-Mr '63 (MIRA 1787)

1. Institut khimii polimerov i monomerov AN UkrSSR.

VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, R. V.

USSR/Chemistry - Colloids  
Bound Water

Rev/Paper 48

Methods of Determining the Hygroscopic Qualities  
of Dispersed Systems, M. P. Duman'skiy, R. V.  
Voytsekhovskiy, Inst. of Gen and Inorg Chem, Acad  
Sci USSR, 92 pp

"Kolloid Zhur" Vol X, No 6

Compare methods of determining bound water. The  
method by heat or wetting, Gornter's method, and  
those of Duman'skiy and Thomsen give the same amount  
for starch, equaling on an average 32% of the dry  
substance. Discrepancies noted in applying the  
pycnometer and dilatometer methods can be explained  
by the inadequacy of experimental. Submitted  
15 May 48.

65/49710

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861120019-2

VOITSTIERKOVSKIY, K. V.

28/13

Tyekhnogi chyeskiye pokazatelyeli konichcheskoy svabnitzy. Buzash. Prod-str., 1749,  
No. 4. S. 19-21

SO: LETOPIS No. 34

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001861120019-2"

VOROBYOV, R. V.

Chemical Abst.  
Vol. 48  
Apr. 10, 1954  
General and Physical Chemistry

1. Estimation of the hydrophily of solid substances from their specific gravity. R. V. Vorob'ev. Ukrains. Khim. Zhur. 17, 850-80(1951) (in Russian); cf. C.A. 43, 7781f.—  
The amt.  $x$  of a liquid bound by 1 g. of a solid can be calcul. from  $x = dd_1(d_s - d_1)/d_1(d_s - d_0)$ ;  $d_0$  and  $d_1$  are the true d. of liquid and solid, resp.,  $d_1$  is the d. of the bound liquid, and  $d_s$  is the apparent d. of the solid in the liquid. For  $H_2O$ ,  $d_1$  is assumed to be 1.21. Then,  $x$  of sulfite cellulose is 0.118. From literature data,  $x$  of cotton is 0.138, of mercerized cotton 0.178, and of various kinds of rayon 0.170-0.197.

J. J. Bikerman

Chemical Abst.  
Vol. 48 No. 8  
Apr. 25, 1954  
Foods

(4)  
✓ Experimental use of A. V. Dumanski's method of determination of bound water in flour. R. V. Vol'sekhovskii and A. P. Shevitsova (Inst. Gen. and Inorg. Chem., Acad. Sci. Ukr. S.S.R., Kiev), *Ukrain. Khim. Zhur.* 18, 559-562 (1952) (in Russian); cf. Dumanski and Nekryach. *C.A.* 45, 3702r. — The Dumanski method is based on refractometry of a soln. obtained after treating flour with H<sub>2</sub>O and sugar in definite proportions and requires precise following of directions. The following changes are recommended: To 2 of 4 samples which are suspended in 10 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O each, add 0 g. sugar soln. (2:1) after 1 hr., centrifuge 5 min., mix, re-centrifuge 15 min., and exam. refractometrically. O. M. K.

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VOYTSEKHOVSKY, R. V.

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001861120019-2"

I 23074-66 EWP(e)/EWT(m)/EWP(j)/T MM/RM/WH  
ACC NR: 26010106 (A) SOURCE CODE: UR/0190/66/008/003/0415/0418

AUTHOR: Kercha, Yu. Yu.; Voytsekhovskiy, R. V.

O.G: Institute of Chemistry of High-Molecular Compounds, AN SSSR  
(Institut khimii vysokomolekulyarnykh soyedineniy AN SSSR)

TITLE: Investigation of the fillers effect on thermal behavior of caproamide by means of differential thermal analysis

SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnyye soyedineniya, v. 8, no. 3, 1966, 415-418

TOPIC TAGS: filler, thermal effect, thermal stress, pyroelectric crystal, kaolin, graphite, polymerization, melting point, crystallization, temperature dependence

ABSTRACT: The thermal behavior of polycaproamide filled with 25% of the fillers pyrophilite, marshallite, kaolin, and graphite has been investigated using differential thermal analysis. The fillers were introduced in the starting polymerization mixture. On the basis of the different melting and crystallization temperature drops of filled samples, the conclusion was drawn that solid fillers which do not chemically interact with polycaproamide could effect its primary crystalline structure. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 2 tables. [Based

Card 1/2 UDC: 678.01:53+678.675

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L 23074-66

ACC NR: AP6010106

on author's abstract)

[NT]

SUB CODE: 11,20/ SUBM DATE: 11Mar65/ ORIG REF: 008/  
OTH REF: 004

Card 2/2 C/L

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001861120019-2"

ACC NR: AT6006247

SOURCE CODE: UK/000070-00000000000000000000000000000000

AUTHOR: Voytarkhovskiy, R. V. (Candidate of chemical sciences); Panchenko, L. I.ORG: Institute of Chemistry of High Molecular Compounds, AN UkrSSR, Kiev (Institut khimii vysokomolekulyarnykh soyedineniy AN UkrSSR)TITLE: Investigation of the caprolactam polymerization process in the presence of mineral additivesSOURCE: AN UkrSSR. Modifikatsiya svoystv polimerov i polimernykh materialov (Modification of the properties of polymers and polymeric materials). Kiev, Naukova dumka, 1965, 73-76TOPIC TAGS: polymerization, polymer, synthetic material, solid mechanical property, polymerization rate

ABSTRACT: The effect of introducing various Ukrainian clays, pyrophyllite ( $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 \cdot 4\text{SiO}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ ), kaolin ( $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 \cdot 2\text{SiO}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ), palygorskite ( $m\text{MgO} \cdot 3\text{SiO}_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O} \cdot n\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 \cdot 4\text{SiO}_2 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ), montmorillonite [ $m\{\text{Mg}_3[\text{Si}_4\text{O}_{10}]_2\}[\text{OH}]_2 \cdot (p(\text{Al}, \text{Fe})_2[\text{Si}_4\text{O}_{10}]_2)[\text{OH}]_2 \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ], silica, alumina, titania, and powdered silica gel, as fillers in caprolactam polymerization, on the specific viscosity of the polymer was investigated. The filler particle size was 1-100 microns. The filler concentration varied with 0-20%. The polymerizations were conducted in an inert gas atmosphere in sealed ampoules at 250°C for 7 hours.

Card 1/2

ACC NR: AT6006247

The AC salt was used as an indicator. The highest degree of caprolactam polymerization was achieved with pure aluminosilicate additives. It was found that mineral additives exhibit catalytic properties in the initial stages of the polymerization process. Specific viscosity  $\eta_{sp}$  of polycaprolactam as a function of the quantity of the additive used is graphed. Orig. art. has: 3 figures, 1 formula.

SUB CODE: 07/ SUBM DATE: 06Oct65/ ORIG REF: 005/ OTH REF: 007

Card 212, 8a)

POLYAKOVA, V.M.; VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, R.V. [Voitsekhiv's'kyi, R.V.]

Variation of the constant b of Tung's equation in the process  
of polymerization and additional treatment of poly- $\Sigma$ -caproamide.  
Dop. AN URSR no. 11:1484-1486 '65.

(MIKA 18:12)

1. Institut khimii vysokomolekulyarnykh soyedineniy AN UkrSSR.

VOYTSKHOVSKIY, R.V.; POLYAKOVA, V.M.; GORSHECHNIKOVA, O.V.

Changes observed in the molecular weight distribution of poly- $\xi$ -caproamide during  $\gamma$ -irradiation. Ukr. khim. zhur. 31 no.6:600-602 '65.  
(MIRA 18:7)

1. Institut khimii vysokomolekulyarnykh soyedineniy AN UkrSSR

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Acid was used as a solvent and a 3.5% aqueous solution of  $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{SO}_4$  as the pre-

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001861120019-2"

KERCHA, Yu.Yu., kand. khim. nauk; VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, R.V. [Voitsekhivs'kyi, R.V.],  
kand. khim. nauk; OSTROVERKHOV, V.G. [Ostroverkhov, V.H.], kand.  
khim. nauk; KOVALENKO, G.F. [Kovalenko, H.F.]; KUZNETSOVA, V.V.  
[Kuznietsova, V.V.]

Effect of the esters of pentaerythritol and synthetic fatty acids  
on the properties of polyvinyl chloride. Khim. prom. [Ukr.] no.3:  
38-40 Jl-S '64. (MIRA 17:12)

VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, R.V. [Voitsekhivs'kyi, R.V.], kand. khim. nauk; POLYAKOVA, V.M.

New analytical method for determining the polydispersion composition  
of poly- $\epsilon$ -caprolactam. Khim. prom. [Ukr.] no.3:76-78 Jl-3 '64.  
(MIRA 17:12)

KORNEV, K.A., glav. red.; SHEVLYAKOV, A.S., red.; CHERVYATSOVA, L.L., red.; SMETANKINA, N.P., red.; YEGOROV, Yu.P., red.; ROMANKEVICH, M.Ya., red.; KUZNETSOVA, V.P., red.; PAZENKO, Z.N., red.; KACHAN, A.A., red.; VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, R.V., red.; GREKOV, A.P., red.; DUMANSKIY, I.A., red.; AVDAKOVA, I.L., red.; VYSOTSKIY, Z.Z., red.; GUMENYUK, V.S., red.; MEL'NIK, A.F., red.

[Synthesis and physical chemistry of polymers; articles on the results of scientific research] Sintez i fiziko-khimiiia polimerov; sbornik statei po rezul'tatam nauchno-issledovatel'skikh rabot. Kiev, Naukova dumka, 1964. 171 p. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Akademiya nauk URSR, Kiev. Institut khimii vysokomolekul'yarnykh soyedineniy. 2. Institut fizicheskoy khimii im. L.V. Pisarzhevskogo AN USSR (for Vysotskiy). 3. Institut khimii vysokomolekul'yarnykh soyedineniy AN USSR (for Romankevich, Chervyatsova, Voytsekhovskiy).

VOITSEKHOVSKIY, R.V. [Voitsekhiv's'kyi, R.V.]; NESTEROV, A.Ye.  
(Nestierov, A.IE.)

Viscosity and molecular weight of capron produced under conditions  
of high-speed low-temperature polymerization. Khim.prom. [Ukr.]  
no.l:15-17 Ja-Mr '64. (MIRA 17:3)

VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, R.V.; ZASIMCHUK, T.K.

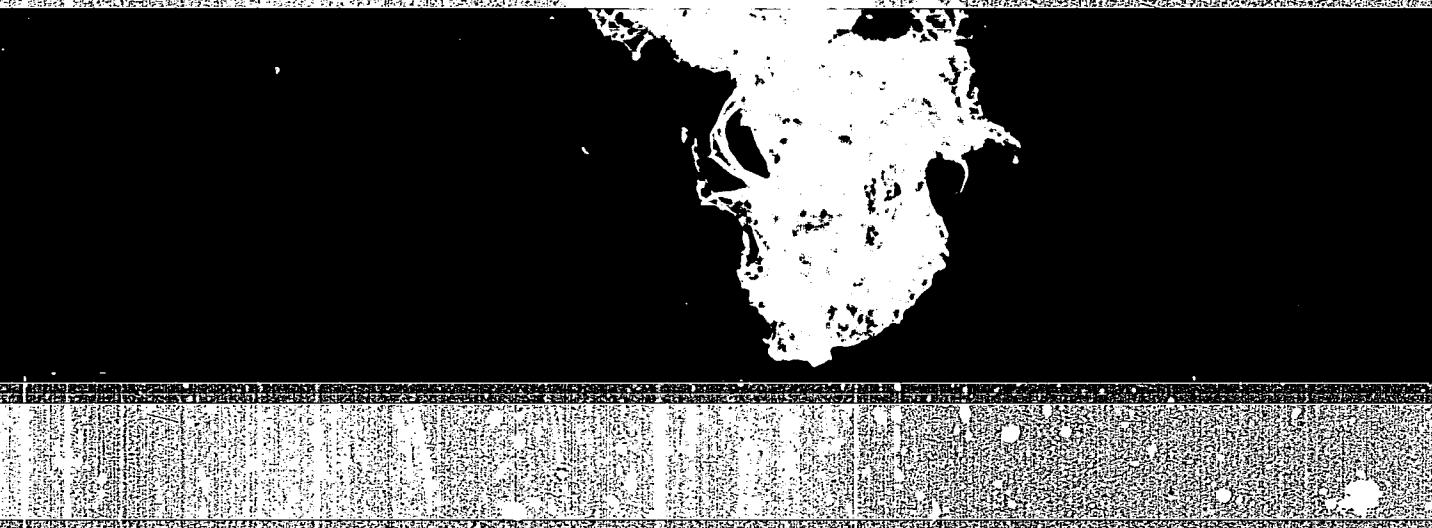
Interferometric determination of water-soluble low molecular fractions in capron. Zav.lab. 28 no.10:1206-1207 '62, (MIRAL5:10)

1. Institut khimii polimerov i monomerov AN UkrSSR.  
(Nylon)

1. VOTSEKHOVSKIY, R.V.;
  2. USSR (600)
  4. Colloids
  7. Determination of the lyophilic properties of solids by their specific weights,  
Ukr.khim.zhur. 17 nc. 6, 1951.

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